

12. (a) (i) Minimize the fundamental product of sums expression

$$Y = (A + \bar{B} + C) \cdot (\bar{A} + B + C) \cdot (\bar{A} + B + \bar{C}) \cdot (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + C) \cdot (\bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C})$$
 first using Boolean algebra and then by using a Karnaugh map. Then draw the circuit which implements the minimized form of Y. (9)

(ii) Simplify the logic function F in the two following cases :

(1) $F(A, B, C) = \min(1, 3, 4, 7)$

(2) $F(A, B, C) = \min(1, 3, 4, 7) + x(2, 5)$, where the don't care terms are represented by x. (4)

Or

- (b) (i) Implement the product-of-sums Boolean function expressed by $\pi(1, 2, 5)$ by a suitable multiplexer. (8)

(ii) Implement the function using decoder

$F(p, q, r, s) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 4, 7, 10, 11, 12)$. (5)

13. (a) For the specified state diagram shown in Figure 1 design a synchronous sequential circuit using D-FF. (13)

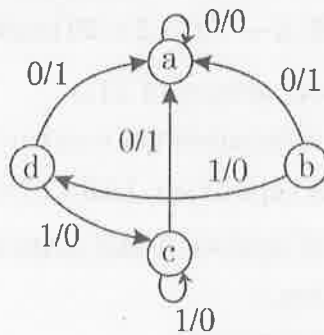


Figure 1

Or

- (b) Design a synchronous mod 12 counter using NAND gates and T flip-flops. (13)

14. (a) Analyze the pulse mode circuit shown in figure 2 and derive its flow table. Also plot its state diagram. (13)

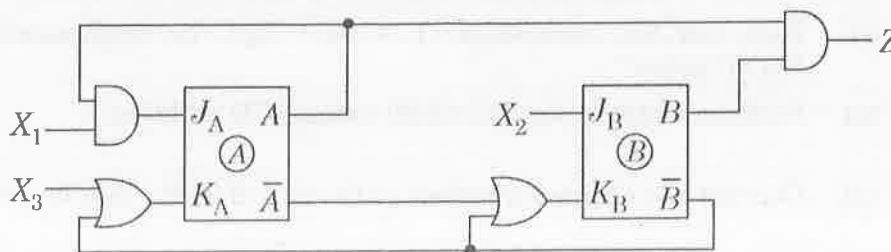


Figure 2

Or

- (b) (i) Implement the following using PROM. (9)

$$A(X, Y, Z) = \sum_{Max} (1, 2, 4, 6)$$

$$B(X, Y, Z) = \sum_{Max} (0, 1, 6, 7)$$

$$C(X, Y, Z) = \sum_{Max} (2, 6)$$

- (ii) What is a Hazard? Brief on its types. (4)

15. (a) (i) Write a VHDL program for 1 to 4 Demux using dataflow modelling. (8)

- (ii) Write short notes on built - in operators used in VHDL programming. (5)

Or

- (b) Explain in detail the RTL design procedure. (13)

PART C — (1 × 15 = 15 marks)

16. (a) Obtain a set of prime implicants for the Boolean expression. (15)

$$f = \sum_{Max} (0, 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15) \text{ using a table method.}$$

Or

- (b) (i) Design a BCD adder circuit capable of adding BCD equivalents of two-digit decimal numbers. Indicate the IC type numbers used if the design has to be TTL logic family compatible. (11)

- (ii) For the given Boolean expression, $Y = \overline{(A \cdot B) + (C \cdot D)}$. Draw the circuit and write the truth-table. (4)